Test Equipment Solutions Datasheet

Test Equipment Solutions Ltd specialise in the second user sale, rental and distribution of quality test & measurement (T&M) equipment. We stock all major equipment types such as spectrum analyzers, signal generators, oscilloscopes, power meters, logic analysers etc from all the major suppliers such as Agilent, Tektronix, Anritsu and Rohde & Schwarz.

We are focused at the professional end of the marketplace, primarily working with customers for whom high performance, quality and service are key, whilst realising the cost savings that second user equipment offers. As such, we fully test & refurbish equipment in our in-house, traceable Lab. Items are supplied with manuals, accessories and typically a full no-quibble 2 year warranty. Our staff have extensive backgrounds in T&M, totalling over 150 years of combined experience, which enables us to deliver industry-leading service and support. We endeavour to be customer focused in every way right down to the detail, such as offering free delivery on sales, covering the cost of warranty returns BOTH ways (plus supplying a loan unit, if available) and supplying a free business tool with every order.

As well as the headline benefit of cost saving, second user offers shorter lead times, higher reliability and multivendor solutions. Rental, of course, is ideal for shorter term needs and offers fast delivery, flexibility, try-before-you-buy, zero capital expenditure, lower risk and off balance sheet accounting. Both second user and rental improve the key business measure of Return On Capital Employed.

We are based near Heathrow Airport in the UK from where we supply test equipment worldwide. Our facility incorporates Sales, Support, Admin, Logistics and our own in-house Lab.

All products supplied by Test Equipment Solutions include:

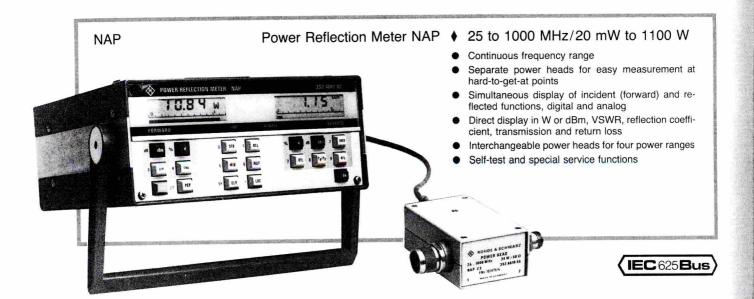
- No-quibble parts & labour warranty (we provide transport for UK mainland addresses).
- Free loan equipment during warranty repair, if available.
- Full electrical, mechanical and safety refurbishment in our in-house Lab.
- Certificate of Conformance (calibration available on request).
- Manuals and accessories required for normal operation.
- Free insured delivery to your UK mainland address (sales).
- Support from our team of seasoned Test & Measurement engineers.
- ISO9001 quality assurance.

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Characteristics, uses

The Power Reflection Meter NAP is a handy directional power meter used to measure power and matching on radio equipment. Its high intelligence permits direct readout of the results of complex functions. Thanks to the ease of operation, its main applications are in servicing and production as well as in development and quality control.

Configuration, measurement ranges The instrument consists of the NAP display unit and a Power Head NAP-Z3 to NAP-Z6 (depending on power range) connected through a cable und plug. Four power heads are available with the following power ranges:

NAP-Z3 for 20 mW to 35 W NAP-Z4 for 50 mW to 110 W NAP-Z5 for 0.2 to 350 W NAP-Z6 for 0.5 to 1100 W.

onduser The wide power range and the continuous frequency coverage of all power heads from 25 to 1000 MHz permit measurements to be performed on transceivers, HF transmitters, and ATC systems in the important radio bands.

With its handy shape the NAP is ideal for mobile use, e.g. transceiver measurements in motor vehicles. For laboratory measurements, permanent transmitter monitoring or use in automated measuring systems, the option NAP-B4 with AC supply connection and IEC bus interface is available.

The insertion unit connected between the signal source and the load - e.g. radio set and antenna - measures the incident and reflected powers, and the microprocessor in the display unit computes the values of all the other measurement functions, so no conversion tables, nomograms or 100% calibration are necessary to determine the matching characteristics.

The insertion loss of the power heads is very low, so transmitter systems can be monitored and measurements made under actual operating conditions without affecting the matching between transmitter and load.

The display unit and power heads are RF-pickup-proof, permitting error-free measurement even in the vicinity of antennas.

Measurement functions The following functions can be measured directly using the NAP and an insertion unit, the results being displayed simultaneously in analog and digital form:

- incident and reflected power in W or dBm
- VSWR
- reflection coefficient in %
- transmission and return loss in dB
- reflected/incident power ratio in %
- modulation depth in %
 - relative measurement (deviation of the incident and reflected powers in % or dB from specified reference val-
- minimum and maximum values of every measurement function observed during a measurement series

Display of measured value Two displays are provided for simultaneous indication of the incident and reflected functions. The functions selected are displayed either with the respective unit (e.g. W) or a brief designation (e.g. SWR). The incident function is always shown on the left and the reflected function on the right display independent of the direction in which the power head is connected between the signal source and the load. Below the 31/2-digit display the measured value is indicated in analog form by means of a bar meter on a calibrated scale of 56 divisions. The analog display facilitates adjustment procedures, providing graphical tendency indication.

Measurement rate The measured values are indicated at intervals of 400 ms, yielding 21/2 indications per second. The bar meter (analog display) indicates 121/2 values/s with AC operation, and with battery operation 21/2 or 121/2 values/s, as required.

The measured values are output via IEC bus every 400 ms, the transferred values always corresponding to the steadystate condition (triggered measurement value output). In untriggered operation (free-running measurements) values can be output at intervals of 80 ms.

power meters

Simple operation and a clear-cut display make the NAP an easy-to-use measuring instrument. The keys for incident and reflected functions are combined in two groups assigned to the related display. Routine measurement functions can be set by means of a single keystroke: power in W or dBm, VSWR, reflection coefficient, transmission and return loss. There are three possibilities of range selection: a) automatic range selection, b) retaining of selected ranges, c) range preselection.

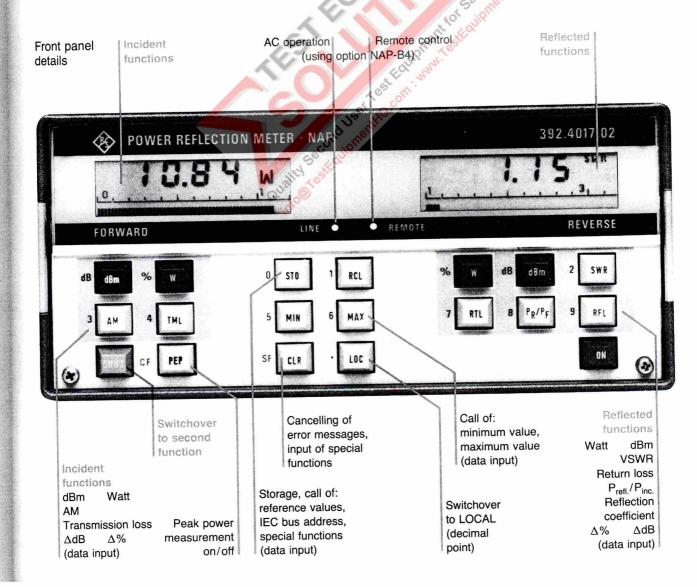
Reference values/measurement data processing The measured power can also be indicated as a deviation in % or dB from a reference value. Reference values are obtained by selecting a measured value or keying in a numerical value. Measurement of relative power variation or checking of a reference value in a unit other than that used in the first place (W, dBm or %, dB) may be effected at any time because the NAP automatically converts the value expressed by one unit into the corresponding value of another unit. Various reference values may be stored for the incident and reflected functions, the reference values as well as the IEC bus address remaining stored upon switching off the unit. With the aid of the minimum and maximum keys provided on the front panel, the minimum and maximum values measured by the NAP as from the measuring function last set can be indicated.

Description

The VSWR bridges used in many instruments absorb the major part of the power, acting like an attenuator between the transmitter and the antenna. Since this configuration provides only limited power-handling capacity, measurement of higher powers is not possible, and in the case of mismatch between the signal source and the load the insertion loss thus produced causes a considerable change in the matching conditions.

In contrast to this, the Rohde & Schwarz concept employing a directional coupler offers decisive advantages. Due to their extremely low insertion loss (<0.75 dB), the NAP power heads can be connected between the signal source and the load without causing any changes in the transfer of power or in the VSWR value. Measurement takes place under actual operating conditions, and transmitter monitoring is possible during operation.

Two rms rectifiers connected to the directional coupler supply DC voltages proportional to the incident and reflected powers. Two low-drift chopper amplifiers in the NAP analog section amplify the DC voltages generated by the power head. The voltages are taken via a multiplexer to a comparator and a D/A converter where they are digitized one after the other in successive approximation.



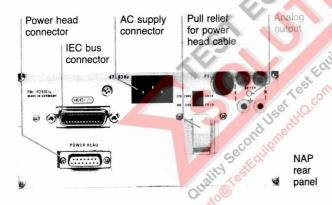
power meters

NAP

Special functions A variety of special functions can be entered via the keyboard, providing for adaptation to special measurement tasks and permitting specific device settings to facilitate servicing and adjustment procedures. – The following special functions are available:

- Range preselection
- Retaining of automatically set ranges
- Retaining of set analog scales
- Fixed decimal point display
- Fast analog display in battery operation
- Inhibition of automatic instrument switchoff in battery operation
- Zero offset measurement
- Premature zero measurement in IEC bus operation
- Battery voltage indication
- Input and output of IEC bus address
- Service functions for various device settings

Analog output An analog output for each the incident and the reflected power is provided on the rear panel. The DC voltages available at the outputs are proportional to the values displayed, permitting graphical representation of these values on a recorder for each of the functions. The output voltage is 1 mV/digit (without taking the decimal point into account); this yields a total range of ± 1.999 V with smallest increments of 1 mV.



Power supply The NAP is a battery-operated unit designed for mobile use independent of AC supply. The basic model is equipped with six round cells. With eight hours of operation per day, these alkali-manganese batteries will yield a lifetime of over 500 hours of operation.

Instead of the round cells, option NAP-B4 can be fitted. It comprises an AC supply section and rechargeable nickel-cadmium batteries permitting AC supply or battery operation, as required. In addition, the option includes an IEC bus interface for remote control.

In the case of battery operation, the instrument is switched off automatically if no measurements are taken for about $\frac{1}{2}$ hour.

Self-test During the self-test performed upon switching-on of the unit, essential functions of the display unit are checked and operating errors detected (e.g. power head not connected). Errors, if any, can be determined from the code shown on the display.

Remote control

With option NAP-B4 fitted, measurement and special functions can be set via IEC bus and the measured values be transferred, affording the NAP **full system compatibility.**

Simple setting commands facilitate program preparation, permitting the selection of various formats for data output, precise definition of measurement start conditions as well as service request with comprehensive status information.

Setting commands

Measurement functions

Command	Function		
C1	Basic setting		
LWF LMF MAM TML	Power in W Power in dBm Amplitude modulation in % Transmission loss in dB	Incident function	
LWR LMR SWR RTL ALR RFL	Power in W Power in dBm VSWR Return loss in dB Reflected/incident power ratio in % Reflection coefficient in %	Reflected function	

Data output

Command	Function		
DFO DR	Data output incident power channel Data output reflected power channel Data output for both channels		
NØ N1	Data output with header Data output without header		

Measurement start

Command	Function
X1	Start of a single measurement
X2	Start of a measurement by data request
X3	Continuous measurement
XØ	Reset command for X2/X3

Special functions

Command	Function		
SØ SØ1	Clear all special functions Automatic range selection		
	Incident power range Reflected power range		
S10	1 0		
S11	1 1		
S20	2 0		
S21	2 1		
S22	2 2		
S30	Retain measurement ranges		
S32	Set fixed decimal point indication		
S41	Premature zero measurement		
S43	Zero offset correction		
S70	LCD test		
S80	} D/A converter test		
S81) D/A convener lest		
S90]		
S91	Analog output test		
S92	J		

power meters

Interface commands

Command	Function			
WØ	End character NL (ASCII 10)			
W1	CR (ASCII 13)			
W2	ETX (ASCII 3)			
W3	CR + NL			
W4	EOI (end or identify)			
W5	NL + EOI			
W6	CR + EOI			
W7	EXT + EOI			
W8	CR + NL + EOI			
QØ	Service request disabled			
Q1	Service request enabled			
7	Corrido request chabled			

Service request

Device status	Status byte	Decimal value
Measurement completed	0101 0000	80
Underrange	0101 0001	81
Overrange	0110 0000	96
Syntax error	0110 0001	97
Output in local	0110 0010	98
Output without measurement start	0110 0011	99
Overflow of readout	0110 0100	100
Measured value undefined	0110 0101	101
Hardware error	1110 0000	224

Specifications

NAP with power head	NAP-Z3	NAP-Z4	NAP-Z5	NAP-Z6
Measurement range	20 mW to 35 W	50 mW to 110 W	0.2 to 350 W	0.5 to 1100 W
Frequency range	25 to 1000	MHz		
Error of power measurement¹) at 20 to 25°C, automatic range selection	≤(6% + 1 c power)	digit + 0.01%	of max. per	missible in
VSWR error VSWR ≤1.25	typ. 5% — typ. 8% —			
Directivity¹) f ≥30 MHz f <30 MHz	>00 dD			
Effect of temperature ¹) .	≤0.25%/°	c		
Characteristic impedance	50 Ω—— ≤1.03——		Maria de la composición dela composición de la composición de la composición de la composición de la composición dela composición de la composición dela composición dela composición dela composición de la composición dela composición de	
Insertion loss (dB) up to 300 MHz up to 500 MHz up to 1000 MHz	≤0.1 ≤0.25	≤0.08 ≤0.15		≤0.05
up to 1000 MHz			<u> </u>	Dezifix B

Error applicable for power measurements in W.
 All other values indicated are determined by way of conversion.

NAP Display un			
		1/10/100% of max. power, automatic or 15-contact, to DIN 4	manual selection
		incident/reflected poin W or dBm,	
	, i	VSWR, reflection coefficient transmission and ret	
	The second second	reflected/incident por modulation depth in (30 Hz to 20 kHz),	ower ratio in %, %
Indication of mea	sured values	relative measuremer minimum/maximum digital display: 3½ d analog display: bar v	values igits
Measurement rat	θ	divisions	
		analog display: battery operation: 2.5/12.5 measu (selected via sp AC supply operations)	ecial function)
Analog outputs .		12.5 measurement for incident and reflet two 4-mm sockets e	ents/s ected channels ach,
18		1 digit of display cor to 1 mV; source impedance: 2	
	7	error: <±20 mV, refe value	
Remote control	Dev	with option NAP-B4 a operation	and AC supply
Interface function		to IEC 625-1, 24-contact Ampheno SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SI	ol connector
Interface function	Some	DT1	11, NL1, DC1,
General data Rated temperatur	e range	-10 to +55°C	
Ambient condition	ure range	rated range of use I (with extended rated	
RF leakage		range) the requirements to \	/DE 0871 and MIL
COM!		STD 461 A, methods RE 02, regarding rad ducted interference a	liated and con-
0,		values of radio interfe VDE 0875 are comp	erence grade K to
	compatibility	min. 20 V/m basic version: dry ba with option NAP-B4:	atteries, rechargeable
Dry batteries		6 round cells, 1.5 V lifetime >500 h (using manganese batteries	(LR 20), ng alkali-
Rechargeable ba	tteries	5 NiCd button cells (GSZ 1.8 DIN 40766	1.2 V 3)
		100 to 120/220 to 2 47 to 63 Hz (14 VA)	40 V ±10%,
Dimensions, disp pow Weight, display u	lay unit	241 mm×110 mm× 125 mm×105 mm× 3.5 kg/0.6 kg	219 mm
Ordering inf	formation		
Order designation NAP basic unit (or Power head		► Power Reflection 392.4017.02	Meter NAP
110 W NAP-Z 350 W NAP-Z	3	392.6910.55 392.7116.55	
Option NAP-B4, Accessories supp	AC supply/IEC bus	392.5913.02 power cable for option	on NAP-B4
Recommended Extension cable	extras	392.5813.02	
screw-in assemb	lies; see data shee	nectors to other system t 902 100. ordered separately): Female	Max. power
UHF (small	017.7384.00	017.5217.00	at 1000 MHz*) 0.15 kW
single contact) BNC N	017.7832.00	017.5730.00 017.5398.00	0.3 kW 0.79 kW
4.1/9.5 Dezifix B		017.8536.00 017.8516.00 2486.00	0.75 kW 1.3 kW

*) The maximum power at other frequencies is calculated:

 $P_{\text{max}} = P_{(1 \text{ GHz})} / \sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}}.$