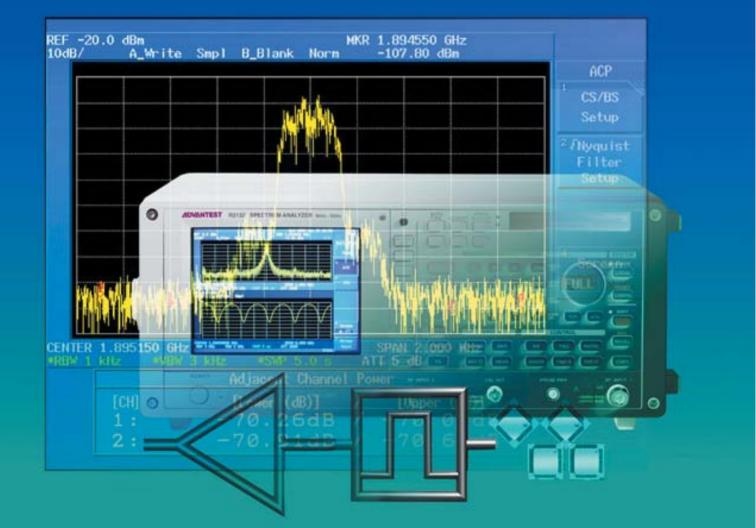


R3132/3132N/3162 Spectrum Analyzers

One Spectrum Analyzer for Versatile Applications



# R 3132/3132N/3162



The R3132/3132N/3162 are a low-cost implementation of the key performance of a portable spectrum analyzer manufactured to address a variety of measurement.

Built around a newly developed direct digital synthesizer, the spectrum analyzers offer a frequency span accuracy of ±1% or less in frequency ranges of 9 kHz to 3 GHz (R3132/3132N), and 9 kHz to 8 GHz (R3162). The built-in auto-calibration feature assures an over-all level accuracy of ±1.5 dB. Dramatically enhanced distortion characteristics of a 1 dB gain compression point of 0 dBm input, a second-order harmonic distor-tion of -80 dBc, and a two-signal third-order intermodulation distortion of -80 dBc make measurement in a 117 dB broad dynamic range possible. The new synthesized local oscillator enables the R3132/3132N/3162 to speed up sweep time, updating as many as 20 traces per second.

This capability makes for more real-time waveform observation. The R3132/ 3132N/3162 personal spectrum analyzers are designed to fit into a broader range of applications than before.

## Frequency range

R3132: 9 kHz to 3 GHz R3132N: 9 kHz to 3 GHz (75 Ω input) R3162: 9 kHz to 8 GHz

- Frequency span accuracy Accuracy: ≤ ±1%
- Basic analog performance to allow broad dynamicrange measurement Dynamic range: 117 dB or more Signal purity: ≤ -105 dBc/Hz (20 kHz offset, f ≤ 2.6 GHz) Overall level accuracy: ±1.5 dB
- Faster, more real-time analyses Refresh rate: 20 traces/second (Typical) 50 µs high-speed zero span sweep (Option)

## Application-ready measurement functions

- Digital mobile communications measurement functions OBW measurement, ACP measurement, Spurious measurement Total/Channel/Average power measurement
   Default setup function effective on power measurement
   EMC measurement functions
- EMC measurement functions
   6 dB RBW: 9 kHz/120 kHz/1 MHz supported (200 Hz optionally available)
   Built-in QP detector
   Built-in antenna correction factor table
   AM/FM audio demodulation function
- Frequency counter function 1 Hz resolution frequency counter
- Additional general-purpose measurement functions Noise/Hz measurement function with available PBW calibration
   %AM / %AM Video / FM frequency measurement Third-order measurement
   X dB down measurement
   Two different types of frequency channels

## Easy-to-use standard functions

Auto-tuning, pass/fail testing, multiscreen, multimarker, large character display, trace computation function, TV trigger, and more

- High-quality, large 6.5-inch TFT color LCD screen
- Only 300 mm deep, compact, spacing-saving device geometry



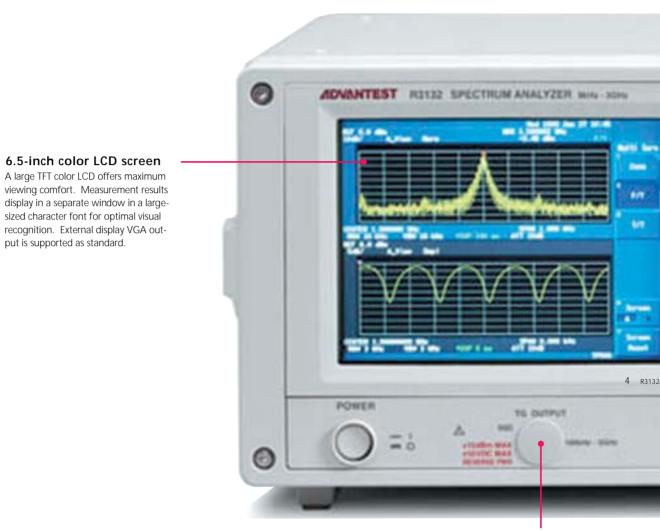
Standard with I/O interfaces to ease automatic system implementation tasks GPIB, RS232 and printer interfaces, floppy disk drive

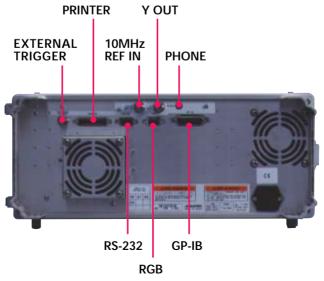
# Application-ready options available

**OPT.20** High-stability frequency reference Option Stability : ± 2 x 10<sup>-8</sup>/day, ±1 x 10<sup>-7</sup>/year

- **OPT.27** Narrow-band resolution bandwidth Option 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz (3 dB bandwidth) 200 Hz (6 dB bandwidth)
- **OPT.29** Time-domain high-speed sweep Option Maximum sweep time setting up to 50 µs
- OPT.73 Wide-range FM demodulation Option FM deviation up to 2.5 MHz can be measured
- **OPT.74 Tracking generator Option** 100 kHz to 3 GHz (R3132/3162) 100 kHz to 3 GHz (R3132N/75Ω)

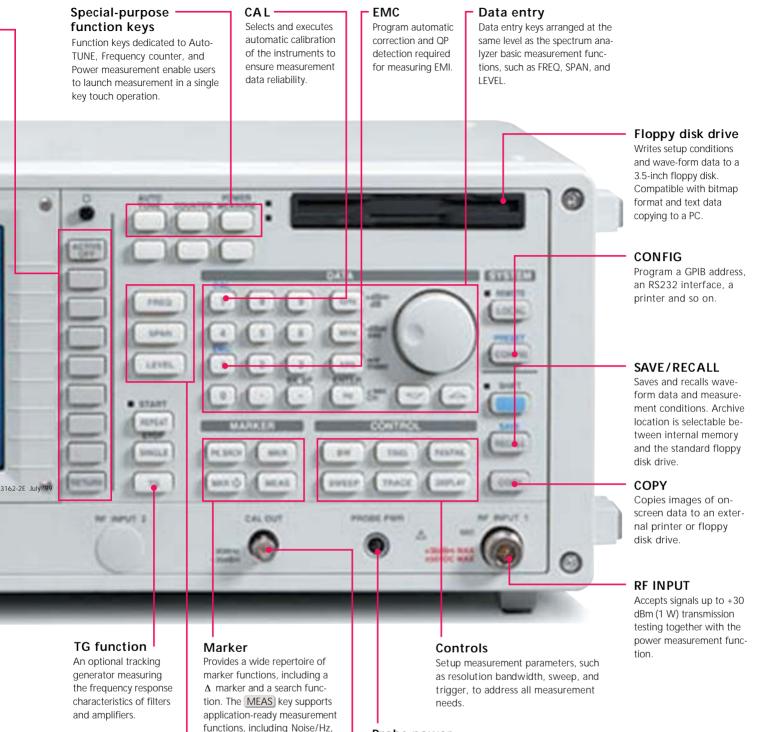
Soft menu setup





# TG OUTPUT (Option 74)

Generates constant-level signals synchronized with the spectrum analyzer frequency sweep in a frequency range of 100 kHz to 3 GHz.



functions, including Noise/Hz, %AM, Third-order, and X dB down measurement.

## Main functions

Set spectrum analyzer basic measurement functions, such as FREQ, SPAN, and LEVEL.

#### Probe power

Used with accessories that require an external power supply, such as an FET probe. ±12 V, 4-pin connector.

CAL OUT

Generates 30 MHz calibration signal.

#### R3132/3162-3E July '99 5

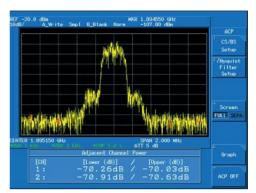
# **Enhanced Basic Performance**

**Compact and light**, **space-saving device geometry** The newly designed, compact, light enclosure measures Approx. 424 (W) x 177 (H) x 300 (D) mm and has a weight of only 14 kg (R3162: 15 kg). The reduced depth of 300 mm helps to make effective use of the workspace. A panel cover that comes standard with the instruments can be attached to protect them against possible damage during relocation or transportation.



#### High-accuracy measurement

A newly developed synthesized local oscillator helps the instruments achieve frequency sweeps with a frequency span accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  or less. Keeping in pace with better frequency reading accuracy, the adjacent channel leakage power and occupied bandwidth measurement functions can now be measured with higher accuracy. In addition, an overall level accuracy of  $\pm 1.5$  dB is guaranteed in frequency ranges of 100 kHz to 3 GHz.



Example of ACP measurement

#### High-quality color LCD screen

The R3132/3132N/3162 provide drastically improved display performance to recommend them for use in a variety of measurement environments. The 6.5-inch TFT color LCD screen offers a maximum display resolution outracing comparable-class products. Measurement results display in a large-sized character font for optimal visual recognition.

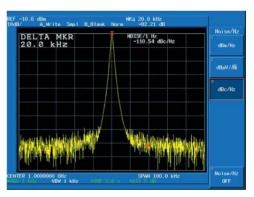


Frequency/Time Display

#### Superb signal purity

A spectrum analyzer would require superb signal purity to be able to test oscillator output and the transmitter characteristics of radio communications equipment. Offering low-phase noise designs<sup>(1)</sup> of -100 dBc/Hz (10 kHz offset, RBW 300 Hz (Option)) and -105 dBc/Hz (20 kHz offset), the R3132/3132N/3162 are best suited for evaluating the neighbor-ing characteristics of signals of interest.





**Broad dynamic range and high-sensitivity measurement** The R3132/3132N/3162 offer a significantly enhanced dynamic range stemming from improved distortion characteristics of the level axis. A 1 dB gain compression point of 0 dBm or more<sup>(\*1)</sup>, a second-order harmonic distortion and a two-signal third-order intermodulation distortion of -80 dBc or less<sup>(\*2)</sup>, are guaranteed. Further, an average display noise level of -115 dBm or less<sup>(\*3)</sup> is guaranteed, providing a 115 dB dynamic range in relation to a 1 dB gain compression point of 0 dBm. A 5 dB step input attenuator selector expedites the task of evaluating distortion characteristics. Using the standard internal preamplifier<sup>(\*4)</sup> provides an enhanced average display noise level of -144 dBm<sup>(\*5)</sup> (Typical) for measuring weak signals with ease.

\*1: f ≥200 MHz.

\*2: -30 dBm mixer input, f ≥800 MHz. \*3: RBW 1 kHz, VBW 10 Hz, ATT 0 dB, f=1 GHz. \*4: R3132/3132N: 9 kHz to 3 GHz, R3162: 9 kHz to 3.3 GHz. \*5: RBW 30 Hz (Option), f=1 GHz.

## FD-based data editing/management

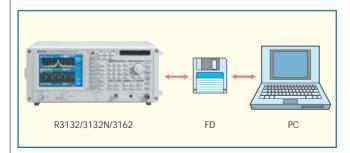
Measurement results can be written to internal save memory as trace data and can be recalled later together with the associated measurement conditions. Likewise, data saved to an FD can not only be recalled in the R3132/3132N/3162 but can also be accessed from a PC for reference.

#### SAVE Numeric data format

Trace data and measurement conditions can be loaded into a PC in numeric form, so that the data can be managed with applications, such as spreadsheets. Data thus loaded may be edited on the PC and then recalled in the R3132/3132N/3162.

#### COPY Bitmap format

If the standard floppy disk drive is specified as external storage, bitmap files are created on the FD by simply pressing the panel COPY key. This allows intricate images of onscreen data to be handled in a PC for electronic filing and documentation purposes, without needing a further modification.



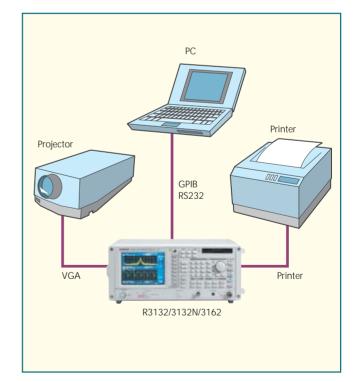
#### High-speed measurement

The new synthesized local oscillator speeds up iterative sweeps per unit time, updating as many as 20 traces per second (Typical) or even more and thus simplifying various tuning tasks. The instruments, when built into a system, make for a higher measurement throughput. Under GPIB interface control, data can be transfered two times faster than before, boosting the system throughput further. With the R3132/3132N/3162, the number of resolution points that make up trace data is selectable between 501 and 1,001 points. Measurement speed would benefit from measuring with 501 points where the number of points available is limited.

# Various I/O interfaces

GPIB Control and data transfer from an automal controllar
RS232 — Control and data transfer from an external controller
Printer —— Compatible with ESC/P, ESC/P-R, and PCL.

VGA —— Display image output to monitors/projectors.



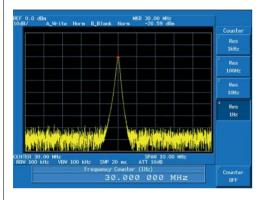
# Single Key Touch Operations for Greater Ease of Operation

# Auto-tune function

Searches for the maximum-level signal within the full-span frequency range and sets it as a center frequency, and then reproduces the setting in effect immediately before the execution of the auto-tuning function.

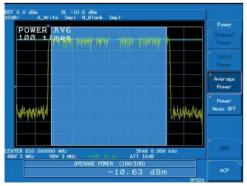
## **Frequency Counter**

Positions the marker on the spectrum and lets the instruments measure the frequency with its built-in frequency counter to a resolution selectable from between 1 Hz and 1 kHz. This function is indispensable for measuring the frequencies of signals selected from a mix of signals, such as multicarrier signals.



#### Power measurement

This function is useful for digital mobile communications measurement applications. Measurements made easy by this function include channel power measurement, which measures the power of signals diffused over a wide band, as in CDMA or OFDM, and average power measurement, which measures signals having large amplitude variations. These measurements are all windowprogrammed.



Average Power

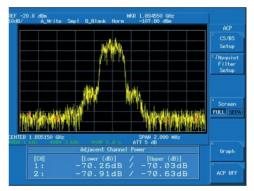
## Occupied bandwidth (OBW)

Calculates the bandwidth having a specified power ratio from measured spectrum data and displays the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and center frequency (FC). The ratio to total power can be set between 10 and 99.8%.



# Adjacent channel leakage power (ACP)

Allows you to measure the adjacent channel leakage power by simply programming the channel spacing and frequency bandwidth preset for a radio system. Up to five adjacent measurement points can be set.



ACP measurement

# Enhanced Functions in Support of Applications •••••

# **Channel setting**

A channel data can be registered for channel setting. Independent two types of tables for optimum setting according to communication systems, TV broadcasting and CATV.

# CH Type 1: for mobile communications

Channel type 1 is suitable to channel setup of fixed channel steps such as mobile communications.

					CH Setting
Table 1	ENABLE DIS				Frequency
Channe I :			799		Input
	30.000 kH	z =(1	l+ 0	)• 870.000000 H	itz
Table 2 :	ENABLE DIS 990	ABLE	1023		CH Type 1 Edit
Carrier:	30.000 kH		1023	)+ 870.000000 M	Hz <sup>4</sup> CH Type 2
	30.000 Kit				Edit
Table 3 : [	ENABLE DIS	ABLE			
Channe 1 :					
		*()	Þ		

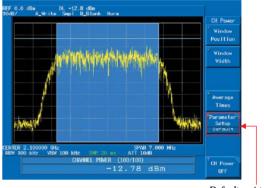
## CH Type 2: for TV and CATV

Channel type 2 is suitable to channel setup of irregular channel steps such as TV broadcasting and CATV.

		e 2 Setting	СН Тур		
CH2 Edit		[ Start ]	[ Carrier ]	CH J	Nol
	96.000000 HHz	90.000000 MHz	SHM 000000.EP	1	1. [
Insert	102.000000 HHz	96.000000 MHz	99.000000 HHz	2	2.
Line	108.000000 HHz	102.000000 MHz	105.000000 HHz	а	
	176.000000 MHz	170.000000 HHz	173.000000 MHz	- 4	4.
Delete	182.000000 MHz	176.000000 MHz	179.000000 MHz	5	5.
Line	188.000000 Mitz	182.000000 MHz	185.000000 MHz	6	6.
	194.000000 MHz	188.000000 Mitz	191.000000 HHz	7	7.
	198.000000 MHz	192.000000 MHz	195.000000 MHz	8	8.
Sort	204.000000 MHz	198.000000 MHz	261.000000 MHz	9	9.
	210.000000 HHz	204.000000 MHz	207.000000 MHz	10	10.
	216.000000 MHz	210,000000 MHz	213.000000 MHz	11	11.
Table	222.000000 MHz	216.000000 MHz	219.000000 MHz	12	12.
Init	114.000000 MHz	108.000000 MHz	111.000000 MHz	13	
-	120.000000 MHz	114.000000 MHz	117,000000 HHz	14	14.
	126.000000 MHz	120.000000 MHz	123.000000 MHz	15	15.
	132.000000 HHz	126,000000 MHz	129.000000 HHz	16	
	138.000000 MHz	132.000000 MHz	135,000000 HHz	17	
	144.000000 MHz	138.000000 MHz	141.000000 MHz	18	
	150.000000 MHz	144,000000 MHz	147.000000 MHz	19	19.
	156.000000 MHz	150.000000 MHz	153.000000 MHz	20	
	162.000000 MHz	156.000000 MHz	159.000000 1012	21	1
	170.000000 MHz	164.000000 MHz	167.000000 1012		
	228.000000 HHz	222.000000 MHz	225.000000 HHz		

#### One key measurement

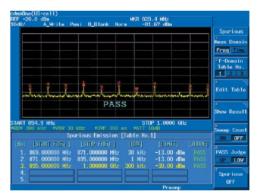
Different parameter setup can be registered for OBW/ACP/CH POWER/SPECTRUM MASK measurement, respectively. Pressing an each function key reproduces independent measurement parameter setup. These function can be measured without any parameter setup.



Default registering key

#### Spurious measurement function

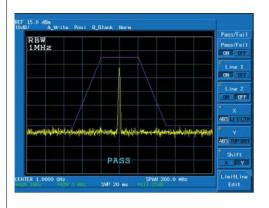
Spurious measurement of F-Domain and T-Domain are available. These function makes for automatic measurement of spurious emission by Frequency Table. Different RBW and SWP setup can be use for each Frequency Table (Maximum 15 tables).



# Enhanced Functions in Support of Applications ••••••

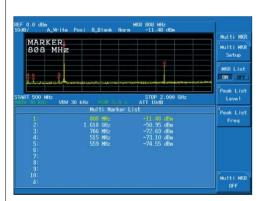
# Pass/fail testing

Sets two limit lines onscreen, one as a high limit and the other as a low limit, for testing passes and failures. Limit lines can also be set on the timebase, allowing time template measurement. The limit line settings can be written to internal save memory or FD, so multiple suites of pass/fail testing conditions can be recalled for testing.



#### Multimarker

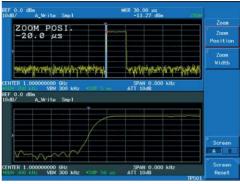
Up to 10 markers can be set in a single display screen. Each marker may be positioned at an optional frequency. In addition, the markers can be sorted and listed in level or frequency order after automatic peak detection.



#### Multiscreen

The zoom function provides an A/B split screen display. Varied signal analysis tasks supported include F-F mode, in which different frequency spectrums are displayed, F-T mode, in which AM /FM modulation components are displayed, and T-T mode, which is convenient for producing partially magnified views in a time domain.

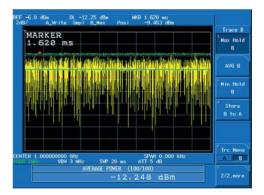
2



(Sweep Time 50 µs: Option 29)

#### Multitrace

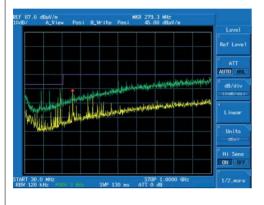
The two waveforms of traces A and B can be simultaneously sampled and displayed. Since the detector mode for each trace is selectable from among POSI, NEGA, SAMPLE, and NORMAL, the maximum power and the average power might be measured at the same timing, for example.



# Enhanced Functions in Support of Applications ••••

## EMC measurement

This function measures electromagnetic interferences arising from electronic equipment. The instruments come standard with 9 kHz, 120 kHz, and 1 MHz 6 dB bandwidth filters and a QP detector. A 200 Hz narrow-band filter can be added optionally. AM/FM demodulated audio is available from the rear-panel PHONE jack to identify disturbing broadcast waves. Correction coefficients for the antennas provided by us are built in the R3132/3132N/3162 so that the level reading can be calibrated for direct reading in dBµV/m by simply selecting the name of your antenna model. If an antenna not manufactured by us is used, a correction can be registered individually. For measuring weak noise lower than noise level of the spectrum analyzer, the built-in preamplifier of R3132, 3132N/3162 makes possible of sensitive measurements with calibrated level.

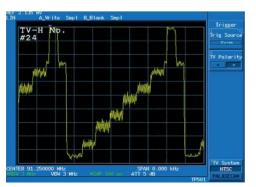


## Gated sweep

Burst signals iterating in the ON and OFF states of communication could not be directly observed with spectrum analyzers in the past. The R3132/3132N/3162 allow spectral analysis of burst signals by accepting trigger signals synchronized with burst signals at their rear panel EXT TRIGGER IN connectors.

#### **Trigger function**

FREE RUN, LINE, VIDEO, TV, and EXT are selectable as sweep trigger sources. A positive or negative delay time can be set for a trigger point in a time-domain sweep.

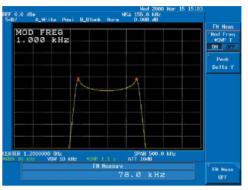


TV trigger

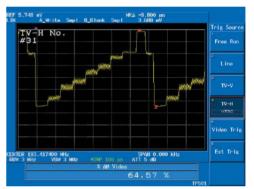
#### Versatile measurement functions

MEAS key supports Noise/Hz measurements, %AM/%AM Video/FM measurements, Third-order measurement and XdB Down measurement. For Noise/Hz measurement, PBW calibration function makes for measurement with higher accuracy in power measurement by providing calibration resulted form conversion of resolution bandwidth (RBW) filter used by R3132/3132N/3162 into ideal filter.

3



FM measurement



Video AM depth

# Wide Choice of Options

# OPT.20 High-stability frequency reference –

Crystal oscillator options with frequency stabilities of  $\pm 2 \times 10^{-8}$ / day and  $\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$ /year are available for enhanced frequency reading accuracy and frequency counter accuracy.

OPT.27 Narrow-band resolution bandwidths —

In addition to the RBW of 1 kHz to 3 MHz, 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz (3 dB bandwidth), and 200 Hz (6 dB bandwidth) option are available for separating carrier waves and measuring neighboring noises in narrow-band radio systems. These narrowband resolution bandwidth options allow 10 kHz offset signals in TV broadcast waves to be separated positively, assuring DU ratio measurement with confidence.

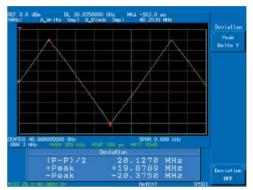
## OPT.29 Time-domain high-speed sweeps

In time-domain high-speed sweeps, the sweep time can be set up to 50  $\mu$ s, allowing TDMA waveform observation during digital mobile communications measurement and offering zoomed views of the leading and trailing regions of burst signals.

18/ A_Write Smpl	-13.27 dBm /////	Zoon
200M POSI. -20.0 μs		<sup>1</sup> Zoom Position
neuringdas seini finni trips signafaytes s	a wanananananananana	<sup>2</sup> Zoom Width
ITER 1.000000000 GHz VBW 300 kHz	SPAN 0.000 kHz ATT 10dB	
W 300 kitz VBW 300 kHz MSMP	SPAN 0.000 kHz 5.mo ATT 1048	
04.300 kHz VBW 300 kHz ≪S\00. 7 0.0 dBm	SPAN 0.000 kHz	
04.300 kHz VBW 300 kHz ≪S\00. 7 0.0 dBm	SPAN 0.000 kHz	<sup>5</sup> Screen

## OPT.73 Wide-range FM demodulation –

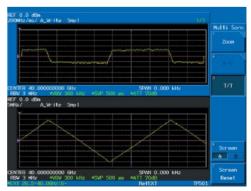
Devices such as a collision avoidance radar for preventing a collision between a car and another in front, which are installed in Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS), utilize an FM modulation in which the frequency deviation is very wide. The R3132/3132N/3162 can measure FM deviation widths up to 500 MHz (with an external mixer), whereas conventional measuring instruments can not measure these widths. At the same time, the R3132/3132N/3162 can measure modulation linearity and sensitivity. Further, since the R3132/3132N/3162 can perform a limit test during a PASS/FAIL evaluation at any given range. The function can improve the throughput of the tuning process of the production.



Example of Measuring FM Deviation



Example of Measuring Linearity

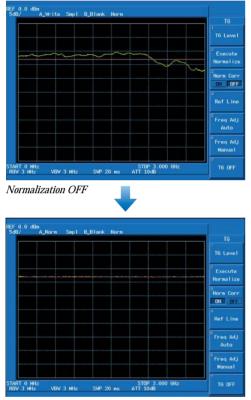


Example of Measuring Sensitivity

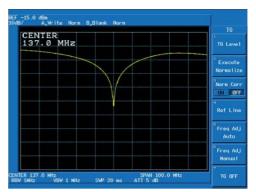


## OPT.74 Tracking generator

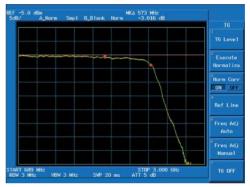
The tracking generator generates signals synchronized with frequency sweeps by a spectrum analyzer in a frequency range of 100 kHz to 3 GHz, allowing the direct measurement of the frequency response characteristics of filters and amplifiers. A normalization feature is available with the tracking generator for cancelling fre-quency response characteristics in a single-touch operation to ease the evaluation of the characteristics of only the signals of interest. If return losses are measured using the SWR bridge, the impedance matching characteristic of the signals of interest can be easily evaluated.



Normalization ON



Return loss measurement



Low-pass filter characteristics measurement

## **R3132 Specifications**

-	•		
Frequency Frequency range:	9 kHz to 3 GHz		
Frequency reading accuracy: (Start, stop, center frequency, marker frequency)	± (Reading of frequency x Frequency reference accuracy + Span x 1% + RBW x 15% + 60 Hz)		
Counter Resolution: Accuracy:	1 Hz to 1 kHz ± (Marker frequency x Frequency reference accuracy + 1LSD) (S/N ≥ 25 dB, span ≤ 200 MHz)		
Frequency reference accuracy Stability:	$\pm 2 \times 10^{-6}$ /year, $\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$ /year (Option 20) $\pm 1 \times 10^{-5}$ (0 to 50°C), $\pm 2 \times 10^{-8}$ /day (Option 20)		
Frequency span Range: Accuracy:	1 kHz to 3 GHz, 0 Hz (zero span) ≤ ±1%		
Residual FM:	≤ 60 Hzp-j	o/0.1s, ≤20 Hzp-j	p/0.1s (Option 20)
Signal purity:	offset 20 kHz	f ≤2.6 GHz ≤-105 dBc/Hz	f >2.6 GHz ≤-103 dBc/Hz
* RBW 300 Hz (Option 27)	10 kHz	≤-100 dBc/Hz*	≤ -98 dBc/Hz*
Resolution bandwidth (3 dB) Range: Accuracy:	30 Hz, 100	MHz, 1-3-10 sequer Hz, 300 Hz (Option kHz to 1 MHz MHz	
6 dB bandwidth:		idded with Option 2 0 kHz, 9 kHz ption 27)	27)
Video bandwidth:	10 Hz to 3	MHz, 1-3-10 sequer	nce
Amplitude renge			
Amplitude range Measuring range:	+30 dBm t	o average noise lev	el
Maximum input level (Input ATT ≥10 dB) Preamplifier OFF: Preamplifier ON:		±50 VDC max. ±50 VDC max.	
Indication range: Log: Linear:	+13 dBm, ±50 VDC max. 10 x 10 div 10, 5, 2, 1 dB/div 10% of the reference level/div.		
Reference level range Preamplifier OFF: Log: Linear: Preamplifier ON: Log: Linear:	(Input ATT: 0 to 50 dB) -64 to +40 dBm (0.1 dB step) 141.1 µV to 22.36 V (Input ATT: 0 to 30 dB) -82 to +10 dBm (0.1 dB step) 17.76 µV to 707.1 mV 0 to 50 dB (5 dB step)		
Input ATT range:	0 to 50 dB (5 dB step)		
Dynamic range			
Average nose level: Preamplifier OFF: Preamplifier ON:	RBW 1 kHz, VBW 10 Hz, input ATT 0 dB, f ≥10 MHz -117 dBm + 2f (GHz) dB <sup>*1</sup> -132 dBm + 3f (GHz) dB		
1 dB gain compression: Preamplifier OFF: Preamplifier ON:	f ≥ 200 MHz >0 dBm (mixer input level) >-25 dBm (RF input level)		
Spurious response: 2nd-order harmonic distortion:			
2 signal 3rd-order intermodulation distortion:		f ≥200 MHz, Offset	>50 kHz)
Residual response:	When inp	ut ATT 0 dB, 50 Ω te	
	When input ATT 0 dB, 50 Ω terminated, and 1 MHz to 3 GHz ≤ -100 dBm		

Froquopou ranges		
Frequency range:	9 kHz to 3 GHz	
Frequency reading accuracy: (Start, stop, center frequency, marker frequency)	±(Reading of frequency x Fre accuracy + Span x 1% + RBW	
Counter Resolution: Accuracy:	1 Hz to 1 kHz ± (Marker frequency x Frequency reference accurate + 1LSD) (S/N ≥25 dB, span ≤200 MHz) ± 2 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> /year, ±1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> /year (Option 20) ± 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> (0 to 50 °C), ±2 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> /day (Option 20)	
Frequency reference accuracy Stability:		
Frequency span Range: Accuracy:	1 kHz to 3 GHz, 0 Hz (zero spa ≤±1%	an)
Residual FM:		o/0.1s (Option 20)
Signal purity:	offset $f \leq 2.6 \text{ GHz}$	f > 2.6 GHz
eigilai parity.	20 kHz ≤-105 dBc/Hz	≤-103 dBc/Hz
* RBW 300 Hz (Option 27)	20 KHZ ≤-105 dBc/HZ 10 kHz ≤-100 dBc/Hz*	≤-103 dBc/Hz*
Resolution bandwidth (3 dB)		=-/0 dbt/112
Resolution bandwidth (3 dB) Range:	1 kHz to 3 MHz, 1-3-10 seque 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz (Option	
Accuracy:	< ±20%, 1 kHz to 1 MHz < ±25%, 3 MHz < ±20% (added with Option 2	27)
6 dB bandwidth:	1 MHz, 120 kHz, 9 kHz 200 Hz (Option 27)	
Video bandwidth:	10 Hz to 3MHz, 1-3-10 sequer	ice
Amplitude range		
Measuring range:	+134 dBµV to average noise l	evel
Maximum input level (Input ATT ≥10 dB) Preamplifier OFF:	+134 dBμV, ±50 VDC max. +120 dBμV, ±50 VDC max.	
Preamplifier ON:	10 x 10 div	
Indication range: Log: Linear:	10, 5, 2, 1 dB/div 10% of the reference level/di	v.
Reference level range Preamplifier OFF: Log: Linear: Preamplifier ON: Log:	(Input ATT: 0 to 50 dB) +44.8 dBµV to +148.8 dBµV (0.1 dB step) 172.8 µV to 27.39 V (Input ATT: 0 to 30 dB) +26.8 dBµV to +118.8 dBµV (0.1 dB step)	
Linear:	21.75 µV to 866 mV	
Input ATT range:	0 to 50 dB (5 dB step)	
Dynamic range		
Average nose level: Preamplifier OFF:	RBW 1 kHz, VBW 10 Hz, input ATT 0 dB, f ≥ 10 MHz -6 dBዞV + 2f (GHz) dB <sup>*1</sup>	
Preamplifier ON: 1 dB gain compression:	-21 dBµV + 3f (GHz) dB f ≥ 200 MHz	
Preamplifier OFF: Preamplifier ON:	<ul> <li>&gt; +107 dBµV (mixer input leve)</li> <li>&gt; +82 dBµV (RF input level)</li> </ul>	el)
Spurious response: 2nd-order harmonic	Preamplifier OFF, Mixer input	
distortion: 2 signal 3rd-order	≤-70 dBc (100 MHz ≤ f <800M ≤-80 dBc (f ≤ 800MHz)	Π <i>L</i> J
intermodulation distortion:	≤-80 dBc (f ≥200 MHz, Offset	>50 kHz)
Residual response:	When input ATT 0 dB, 75 Ω te and 1 MHz to 3 GHz	erminated,
Preamplifier OFF: Preamplifier ON:	≤ +7 dBµV ≤ +2 dBµV	

Amplitude accuracy	
Frequency response: Preamplifier OFF:	After auto calibration at ATT = 10 dB ≤ ±0.5 dB (100 kHz to 2.2 GHz) <sup>*2</sup>
	$\leq \pm 2$ dB (9 kHz to 2.2 GHz)
Preamplifier ON:	≤ ±1 dB (100 kHz to 2.2 GHz) ≤ ±2 dB (9 kHz to 2.2 GHz)
Calibration signal level	
accuracy:	-20 dBm ±0.3 dB
IF gain error:	After auto calibration < ±0.5 dB
Scale indication accuracy:	After auto calibration ≤ ±1.5 dB/80 dB
Log:	$\leq \pm 1$ dB/10 dB
	≤ ±0.2 dB/1 dB
Linear: Input ATT switching error:	$\pm$ 5% of reference level $\leq \pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ (for 0 to 50 dB, with reference to
	30 MHz/10 dB)
Resolution bandwidth switching level error:	After auto calibration < ±0.5 dB
Total level accuracy:	±1.5 dB (REF = +57 to +107 dBµV, ATT = 10 dB,
, 	2 dB/div, RBW = 300 kHz, 100 kHz < f $\leq$ 2.2GHz after auto calibration)
Sweep	
Sweep time:	20 ms to 1000 s, 50 µs to 1s (Option 29, zero span
Accuracy:	
Trigger mode:	FREE RUN, LINE, VIDEO, EXT, TV,
Sweep mode:	REPEAT, SINGLE
1/0	
RF input Connector:	N type female
Impedance:	$75 \Omega$ (nominal)
VSWR Broamplifier OFF	<1 5·1 (100 k山z to 3 2 C山z)
Preamplifier OFF:	<1.5:1 (100 kHz to 2.2 GHz) Input ATT = 10 to 50 dB
	<2:1 (9 kHz to 2.2 GHz)
Preamplifier ON:	Input ATT = 5 to 50 dB <2.5:1 (9 kHz to 2.2 GHz)
Probe power:	±12 V, 4-pin connector
Calibration output signal:	BNC female, 75 Ω (nominal) 30 MHz, -20 dBm
10 MHz reference input:	BNC female, 500 $\Omega$ (nominal)
	-10 to +10 dBm
External trigger input:	BNC female
Sound output (demodulated audio):	Small monophonic jack
GPIB interface:	IEEE-488 BUS connector
RS232 interface:	D-sub 9-pin
Printer interface:	D-sub 25-pin, ESC/P, ESC/P-R, PCL
Video output:	VGA (15-pin, female)
Floppy disk:	3.5-inch, MS-DOS format
General specifications	
Operating temperature:	0 to +50 °C, Relative humidity 85% or less
	(no dew condensation)
Storage temperature:	-20 to +60 $^\circ\text{C}$ , relative humidity 85% or less
Power supply:	100/200 VAC auto-switchable 100 VAC: 100 to 120 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz 200 VAC: 200 to 240 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz
Power consumption:	200 VA or less
Dimensions:	Approx. 424 (W) x 177 (H) x 300 (D) mm
Mass:	(excluding feet and connectors) 14 kg or less
	(excluding options, cover, and accessories)

Frequency			
Frequency range: Frequency band:	9 kHz to 8 Frequency 9 kHz to 3. 3.2 GHz to 6.5 GHz to	band Band 3 GHz 0 6.6 GHz 1-	
Frequency reading accuracy: (Start, stop, center frequency, marker frequency)			
Counter Resolution: Accuracy:	+ 1LSD)	Hz requency x Frequenc IB, span ≤ 200 MHz)	
Frequency reference accuracy Stability:	±2 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> /y ±1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> (	year, ±1 x 10 0 to 50°C), ±2 x 10	0 <sup>-7</sup> /year (Option 20) 0 <sup>-8</sup> /day (Option 20)
Frequency span Range: Accuracy:	1 kHz to 8 ≤ ±1%	GHz, 0 Hz (zero spa	n)
Residual FM:		/0.1s, ≤20 Hzp-p/0.	1s (Option 20)
Signal purity:	offset	f ≤2.6 GHz	f >2.6 GHz
	20 kHz	≤ -105 dBc/Hz	≤-103 dBc/Hz
* RRW 200 Uz (Ontion 27)	20 KHZ 10 kHz	≤ - 105 dBc/Hz ≤-100 dBc/Hz*	$\leq -103 \text{ dBc/Hz}$ $\leq -98 \text{ dBc/Hz}^*$
* RBW 300 Hz (Option 27) Posolution bandwidth (3 dB)	ΙΟ ΚΠΖ	S-100 abc/HZ"	≥ -70 UDC/HZ"
Resolution bandwidth (3 dB) Range: Accuracy:	30 Hz, 100	MHz, 1-3-10 sequen ) Hz, 300 Hz (Option kHz to 1 MHz MHz	
6 dB bandwidth:	< ±20% (a	dded with Option 2 ) kHz, 9 kHz	7)
Video bandwidth:		MHz, 1-3-10 sequen	ce
Amplitude range	20 dDm +		
Measuring range:	+30 UBIII (	o average noise leve	-
Maximum input level (Input ATT ≥10 dB) Preamplifier OFF: Preamplifier ON:		) VDC max. ) VDC max.	
Indication range:	10 x 10 div	,	
Log: Linear:	10, 5, 2, 1 10% of the	dB/div e reference level/div	<i>ı</i> .
Reference level range			
Preamplifier OFF:	(Input ATT	: 0 to 75 dB)	
Log:		dBm (0.1 dB step)	
Linear: Preamplifier ON:	141.1 µV to	5 397.63 V : 0 to 30 dB)	
Log:	-	dBm (0.1 dB step)	
Linear:		o 707.1 mV	
Input ATT range:	0 to 75 dB	(5 dB step)	
Dynamic range			
Average nose level:	RBW 1 kHz	z, VBW 10 Hz, input	ATT 0 dB,
Preamplifier OFF <sup>*1</sup> :	Band 1-: -	: 117 dBm + 2f (GHz) 115 dBm + 0.5f (GHz 115 dBm + 0.5f (GHz	z) dB
Preamplifier ON:		+ 3f (GHz) dBm (at 1	
1 dB gain compression:	f ≥200 M⊦	Iz	
Preamplifier OFF: Preamplifier ON:		nixer input level) (RF input level)	
Spurious response:	Preamplifi		
2nd-order harmonic distortion:	f ≥800 MI	f < 800 MHz - 30 d Hz (Band 0) - 30 d	Bm ≤-70 dBc Bm ≤-80 dBc
2 signal 3rd-order intermodulation distortion:	f ≥3.3 GH: ≤-80 dBc ( Offset > 50	Mixer input -30 dBm	
Image/multiple/			

Residual response: Preamplifier OFF:	When input ATT 0 dB, 50Ω terminated ≤ -100 dBm (1 MHz to 3.3 GHz) ≤ -90 dBm (>3.3 GHz)
Preamplifier ON:	$\leq$ -105 dBm (1 MHz to 3.3 GHz)
Amplitude accuracy	
Frequency response:	After auto calibration Preselector peak
Preamplifier OFF:	After adjustment at ATT = 10 dB $\leq \pm 0.5$ dB (100 kHz to 3 GHz)* <sup>2</sup> $\leq \pm 2$ dB (9 kHz to 3.3 GHz)
Preamplifier ON:	≤ ±2 dB (3.2 to 8 GHz) ≤ ±1 dB (100 kHz to 2.7 GHz) ≤ ±2 dB (9 kHz to 3.3 GHz)
Calibration signal level accuracy:	-20 dBm ±0.3 dB
IF gain error:	After auto calibration < ±0.5 dB
Scale indication accuracy:	After auto calibration
Log:	$\leq \pm 1.5 \text{ dB/80 dB}$
	$\leq \pm 1 \text{ dB}/10 \text{ dB}$
Linear:	≤ ±0.2 dB/1 dB ±5% of reference level
Input ATT switching error:	$\leq \pm 0.3$ dB (for 0 to 50 dB, with reference to
	30 MHz/10 dB)
Resolution bandwidth switching level error:	After auto calibration < ± 0.5 dB
Total level accuracy:	± 1.5 dB (REF = -50 to 0 dBm, ATT = 10 dB,
	2 dB/div, RBW = 300 kHz, f = 100 kHz to 3 GHz, after auto calibration)
Sweep	
Sweep time:	20 ms to 1000 s, 50 µs to 1s (Option 29, zero span)
Accuracy:	<±2%
Trigger mode:	FREE RUN, LINE, VIDEO, EXT, TV,
Sweep mode:	REPEAT, SINGLE
I/O	
RF input Connector:	N type female
Impedance:	50 Ω (nominal)
VSWR	
Preamplifier OFF:	<2:1 (9 kHz to 3.3 GHz) <2:1 (3.2 to 8 GHz)
	Input ATT = 10 to 75 dB
Preamplifier ON:	<2.5:1 (9 kHz to 3.3 GHz)
Probe power:	±12 V, 4-pin connector
Calibration output signal:	BNC female, 50 Ω (nominal) 30 MHz, -20 dBm
10 MHz reference input:	BNC female, 500 $\Omega$ (nominal) -10 to +10 dBm
External trigger input:	BNC female
Sound output (demodulated audio):	Small monophonic jack
GPIB interface:	IEEE-488 BUS connector
RS232 interface:	D-sub 9-pin
Printer interface:	D-sub 25-pin, ESC/P, ESC/P-R, PCL
Video output:	VGA (15-pin, female)
Floppy disk:	3.5-inch, MS-DOS format
General specifications	
General specifications Operating temperature:	0 to +50 °C, Relative humidity 85% or less
Storage temperature:	(no dew condensation) -20 to +60 °C, relative humidity 85% or less
Storage temperature:	
Power supply:	100/200 VAC auto-switchable 100 VAC: 100 to 120 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz 200 VAC: 200 to 240 VAC, 50 to 60 H
Power consumption:	200 VA or less
Dimensions:	Approx. 424 (W) x 177 (H) x 300 (D) mm
Mass:	(excluding feet and connectors) 15 kg or less (excluding options, cover, and accessories)
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\*1 Temperature range at 20 to 30° C 2 dB is added in the range of 0 to 50° C \*2 Temperature range at 20 to 30° C 0.5 dB is added in the range of 0 to 50° C

# Options

# OPT.73 Wide-range FM demodulation

Measuring amplitude range:	> -50 dBm + input attenuation value
	(at center frequency 1 GHz, RBW Wide,
	-20 dB or more than reference level)
FM Deviation	
Measuring range	2.5 MHz, 1 MHz, 500 kHz, 250 kHz, 100 kHz,
	50 kHz, 25 kHz, 10 kHz
Linearity error*:	≤ (2 % of measuring range)
Offset error*:	≤ (4 % of measuring range + K + Readout of
	frequency x Frequency reference accuracy)
	K; 8 kHz (measuring range 2.5 MHz to 250 kHz)
	2 kHz (measuring range 100 kHz to 10 kHz)
Demodulation frequency	- <b>-</b>
bandwidth (3 dB):	≤ 300 kHz (nominal)

\* These errors are values obtained by executing "FM Demod ALL CAL" software, after warming up the R3132/3132N/3162 for 30 minutes or more.

## OPT.74 Tracking generator

OP1.74 Hacking generator	
Frequency range:	100 kHz to 3.0 GHz
Output level range:	0 to -59.9 dBm
Output level accuracy:	±0.5 dB (30 MHz, -10 dBm, 20 to 30°C)
Output level flatness:	± 1.0 dB (100 kHz to 1 GHz)
	± 1.5 dB (100 kHz to 3 GHz)
	(-10 dBm, 30 MHz reference)
Spurious	
Harmonics:	≤ -20 dBc (output level = -10 dBm)
Non-harmonics:	≤ -30 dBc (output level = -10 dBm)